FINANCIAL REPORT WITH SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2016

Three Rivers Community Schools

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Three Rivers Community Schools

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education
Three Rivers Community Schools, Michigan

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Three Rivers Community Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Three Rivers Community School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Education
Three Rivers Community Schools

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Three Rivers Community Schools as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Three Rivers Community Schools' basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.



Board of Education Three Rivers Community Schools

The additional supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 25, 2016, on our consideration of the Three Rivers Community School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. The report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Three Rivers Community School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Namen & Paulou P.C.

October 25, 2016



ADMINISTRATION'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

This section of Three Rivers Community Schools' annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Three Rivers Community Schools financially as a whole. The *District-wide Financial Statements* provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the district-wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant funds - the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund, with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The remaining statement, the statement of fiduciary net position, presents financial information about activities for which the School District acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students and parents.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

Basic Financial Statements

District-wide Financial Statement Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statement

(Required Supplemental Information)
Budgetary Information for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds

Other Supplemental Information

Reporting the School District as a whole - District-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "As a whole, what is the School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

ADMINISTRATION'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

These two statements report the School District's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position - as reported in the statement of activities - are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School District.

The statement of net position and statement of activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, supporting services, community services, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted State Aid (foundation allowance revenue), and State and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it's meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The governmental funds of the School District use the following accounting approach:

Governmental funds - All of the School District's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

ADMINISTRATION'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The School District as Trustee - Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table I provides a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2016 and 2015:

TABLE I	June 30,	
	2016	2015
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 8,578,633	\$ 8,706,574
Capital assets - Net of		
accumulated depreciation	43,380,678	44,446,303
Total assets	51,959,311	53,152,877
Deferred outflows of resources	4,060,240	3,862,217
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	6,123,082	6,092,546
Long-term liabilities	63,070,627	62,070,248
Total liabilities	69,193,709	68,162,794
Deferred outflows of resources	116,522	3,418,134
Net Position		
Invested in property and equipment - net of related debt	13,097,119	11,674,930
Restricted for debt service	501,442	549,409
Restricted for food service	408,192	421,404
Restricted for scholarships	81,513	79,471
Unrestricted (deficit)	(27,378,946)	(27,291,048)
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (13,290,680</u>)	<u>\$ (14,565,834</u>)

ADMINISTRATION'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The above analysis focuses on the net position (see Table I). The change in net position (see Table 2) of the School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The School District's net position was \$(13,290,680) at June 30, 2016. Capital assets, net of related debt totaling \$13,097,119 compares the original cost, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets to long-term debt. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net assets are reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School District's ability to use those net position for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net position \$(27,378,946) (deficit) was unrestricted.

The \$(27,378,946) (deficit) in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities (see Table 2), which shows the changes in net position for fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

TABLE 2	Year Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015
Revenue		
Program revenue:		
Charges for services	\$ 637,572	\$ 736,498
Grants and catagoricals	5,880,981	5,142,679
General revenue:		
Property taxes	8,292,274	7,737,858
State foundation allowance	14,873,931	15,258,784
Interest and other	109,628	114,129
Total revenue	29,794,386	28,989,948
Function/Program Expenses		
Instruction	15,323,902	15,180,005
Support services	8,243,438	7,976,179
Community services	42,358	25,364
Food services	1,400,192	1,320,174
Athletics	468,917	481,187
Endowment activities	8,000	13,070
Interest on long-term debt	1,302,053	1,404,061
Depreciation (unallocated)	1,730,372	1,641,201
Total expenses	28,519,232	28,041,241
Change in net position	<u>\$ 1,275,154</u>	<u>\$ 948,707</u>

ADMINISTRATION'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all governmental activities this year was \$28,519,232. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs \$637,572 or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and categoricals \$5,880,981. We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$8,292,274 in taxes, \$14,873,931 in State foundation Allowance, and with our other revenues, such as interest and general entitlements.

The School District experienced an increase in net position of \$1,275,154. Key reasons for the change in net position were capitalizable expenditures and the repayment of bond principal and other long-term obligations. The increase in net position differs from the change in fund balance and a reconciliation appears on page 16.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted State aid constitute the vast majority of School District operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and Administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with State-prescribed available unrestricted sources.

The School District's Funds

As we noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

As the School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5,378,243, which is a decrease of \$22,960 from last year. In the General Fund, our primary operating fund, the fund balance increased \$14,980 to \$4,365,899, a change of 0.3 percent. The General Fund fund balance reflects nonspendable for prepaid expenditures - \$162,826; nonspendable for inventory - \$10,284; committed for future projects - \$613,200; and unassigned - \$3,579,589.

In the Debt Service Fund the fund balance decreased \$47,967 to \$501,442. Millage rates are determined annually to ensure that the School District accumulates sufficient resources to pay annual bond issue - related debt service. Debt Service Fund fund balance is restricted since it can only be used to pay debt service obligations.

Our Food Service Fund fund balance increased \$7,985 to \$429,389.

ADMINISTRATION'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with changes in revenues and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in required supplemental information of these financial statements. Changes to the General Fund original budget were as follows:

Budgeted revenues were increased \$522,275, to better reflect state per student foundation funding and adjustments to categorical funding and various state and federal grant programs. Actual revenues were within \$49,952 of final budgeted revenues or 2.0 percent.

Budgeted expenditures were increased \$362,641 during the year to better reflect operating costs and various state and federal grant programs. Actual expenditures ended the year under the final budget by \$850,856 or 3.3 percent. A significant portion of this budget variance was for expenditure driven grant programs that did not materialize in the current fiscal year and are carry forward to the future.

There were no significant variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2016, the School District had \$69,080,003 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, buses, furniture and equipment, and outside site improvements. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and disposals) of \$389,803, or 0.5 percent, from last year.

	2016	2015
Land	\$ 560,365	\$ 530,006
Buildings and improvements	61,717,485	61,471,255
Buses and other vehicles	2,221,774	2,319,413
Furniture and equipment	2,363,321	2,186,489
Outside site improvements	2,217,058	2,183,037
Total capital assets	69,080,003	68,690,200
Less accumulated depreciation	25,699,325	24,243,897
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 43,380,678</u>	\$ 44,446,303

ADMINISTRATION'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Debt

At the end of this year, the School District had long-term debt obligations totaling \$31,303,754 outstanding versus \$33,879,579 in the previous year - a change of 7.6 percent. The debt obligations consisted of the following:

	2016	2015
General Obligation Bonds, net	\$ 30,476,695	\$ 33,055,243
Installment loans payable	706,974	692,474
Other	120,085	131,862
	<u>\$ 31,303,754</u>	\$ 33,879,579

The School District's General Obligation Bond rating continues to be equivalent to the State's credit rating. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School District's boundaries. If the School District issues "qualified debt," i.e., debt backed by the State of Michigan, such obligations are not subject to this debt limit. The School District's outstanding unqualified general obligation debt is significantly below the statutorily imposed limit.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

The 2016-2017 foundation allowance is expected to increase \$120 per student from \$7,391 to \$7,511. The foundation allowance represents 60% of the total District revenue.

Student count is projected to increase slowly over the next five years. However, the uncertain economy in the State of Michigan could impact the number of enrolled students.

Continued projected increases in retirement funding costs and health insurance costs are a concern for the School District.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the School District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Business Department, 851 Sixth Avenue, Three Rivers, Michigan 49093.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

JUNE 30, 2016	Governmental
ASSETS	Activities
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,668,203
Accounts receivable	23,873
Taxes receivable (net)	90,188
Due from other governmental units	3,602,062
Prepaid expenses	164,602
Inventories Total current assets	<u>29,705</u> 8,578,633
	0,370,033
Noncurrent Assets:	40.000 550
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	43,380,678
Total assets	51,959,311
Deferred Outflows of Resources –	
Deferred charges from bond refundings	900,110
Deferred outflow for pension obligation	3,160,130
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	107,589
Accrued payroll	1,734,215
Accrued benefits	692,210
Accrued interest	196,634
Due to other governments	283,265
Unearned revenue	263,026
Notes payable, due within one year	160,619
Bonds payable, due within one year	2,683,548
Compensated absences	1,976
Total current liabilities	6,123,082
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Compensated absences	118,109
Notes payable	546,355
Bonds payable – net	27,793,147
Net pension liability	34,613,016
Total noncurrent liabilities	63,070,627
Total liabilities	69,193,709
Deferred inflow of resources for pension obligation	116,522
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	13,097,119
Restricted for debt service	501,442
Restricted for food service	408,192
Restricted for scholarships	81,513
Unrestricted (deficit)	(27,378,946)
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (13,290,680)</u>

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See accompanying notes to financial statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2016

	Program Reve			enues	G	overnmental Activities		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		arges for Services		Operating Grants/ ontributions	F Cł	et (Expense) Revenue and nanges in Net Contributions
Governmental activities:								
Instruction Support services Food services Athletics Community services Endowment activities Interest on long-term debt	\$	15,323,902 8,243,438 1,400,192 468,917 42,358 8,000 1,302,053	\$	183,471 83,350 308,322 48,338 14,091	\$	4,518,732 252,788 1,099,584 - - 9,877	\$	(10,621,699) (7,907,300) 7,714 (420,579) (28,267) 1,877 (1,302,053)
Depreciation (unallocated)		1,730,372		_		_		(1,730,372)
Total governmental activities	\$	28,519,232	<u>\$</u>	637,572	\$	5,880,981		(22,000,679)
		neral revenues		iad for				
Property taxes, levied for general operations					4,727,796			
	Property taxes, levied for debt service State aid not restricted to					3,564,478		
		specific p Interest and Other	urpos	es	gs			14,873,931 3,747 105,881
		Total g	genera	al revenues				23,275,833
	Ch	ange in Net Po	sition					1,275,154
	Ne	t Position - Beg	ginnin	g of year (d	eficit)			(14,565,834)
	Ne	t Position - End	d of ye	ear (deficit)			\$	(13,290,680)

See accompanying notes to financial statements

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>General</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Due from other governmental units Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures Inventories	\$ 3,794,506 22,172 69,318 3,602,062 8,326 162,826 10,284	\$ 488,898 - 20,870 - - - -
Total assets	\$ 7,669,494	\$ 509,768
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued benefits Due to other funds Due to other governmental units Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ 104,333 1,734,215 692,210 226,546 283,265 263,026	\$ - - - 8,326 - - - - 8,326
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid expenditures Inventories Restricted: Scholarships	162,826 10,284	- -
Debt service Food service Committed for future projects Unassigned	613,200 3,579,589	501,442
Total fund balances	4,365,899	501,442
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 7,669,494</u>	\$ 509,768

Go	Other conmajor vernmental Funds	<u>Total</u>
\$	384,799 1,701 - - 117,980 1,776 19,421	\$ 4,668,203 23,873 90,188 3,602,062 126,306 164,602 29,705
\$	525,677	\$ 8,704,939
\$	3,256 - - 11,519 - - 14,775	\$ 107,589 1,734,215 692,210 246,391 283,265 263,026 3,326,696
	1,776 19,421	164,602 29,705
	81,513 - 408,192 - -	81,513 501,442 408,192 613,200 3,579,589
	510,902	5,378,243
\$	525,677	\$ 8,704,939

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	5,378,243
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Deferred charges on bond refundings Deferred outflow for pension obligation		900,110 3,160,130
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.		
The cost of the capital assets is		69,080,003
Accumulated depreciation is	((25,699,325)
Total		43,380,678
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds:		
Notes payable		(706,974)
Bonds payable, net	((30,476,695)
Net pension liability	((34,613,016)
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not included as a liability in governmental activities		(196,634)
Deferred inflow for pension obligation		(116,522)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ (13,290,680)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>General</u>	Debt Service
Revenues:		
Local sources	\$ 4,952,596	\$ 3,565,502
State sources	18,400,067	-
Federal sources	928,630	-
Interdistrict	531,208	
Total revenues	24,812,501	3,565,502
Expenditures:		
Instruction	15,248,901	-
Supporting services	8,544,760	-
Community services	42,358	-
Food services	-	-
Athletics	491,763	-
Endowment activities	-	-
Capital outlay	276,589	-
Debt service		
Principal payment	320,194	2,335,000
Interest and fiscal charges	47,650	1,278,469
Total expenditures	24,972,215	3,613,469
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(159,714)	(47,967)
Other financing sources:		
Proceeds from installment loan	174,694	
Net change in fund balances	14,980	(47,967)
Fund balances, July 1	4,350,919	549,409
Fund balances, June 30	<u>\$ 4,365,899</u>	\$ 501,442

Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
\$ 318,634 49,088 1,050,497	\$ 8,836,732 18,449,155 1,979,127 531,208
1,418,219	29,796,222
- - 1,400,192 - 8,000	15,248,901 8,544,760 42,358 1,400,192 491,763 8,000 276,589
<u>-</u>	2,655,194 1,326,119
1,408,192	29,993,876
10,027	(197,654)
	174,694
10,027	(22,960)
500,875	5,401,203
\$ 510,902	\$ 5,378,243

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (22,960)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation.	
Net effect of disposals	(1,836)
Depreciation expense	(1,730,372)
Capital outlays	666,583
Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is not reported in governmental funds until paid:	
Accrued interest payable beginning of the year	213,386
Accrued interest payable end of the year	(196,634)
Repayments of principal on long-term debt are expenditures in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it is a reduction of liabilities)	
Proceeds from installment loan	(174,694)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt	2,655,194
Amortization of bond issue premium	99,061
Amortization of bond issue discount	(15,513)
Amortization of deferred amount on bond refunding	(76,234)
Change in deferred outflows of resources	274,257
Change in net pension obligation	(3,716,696)
Change in deferred inflows of resources	 3,301,612

Change in net position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,275,154

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

ASSETS

Due from other funds	\$	120,085			
LIABILITIES	·	,			
Accrued compensated absences	<u>\$</u>	120,085			
NET POSITION					
Restricted	<u>\$</u>				
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016					
Operating Revenues: Charges to other funds	\$	11,777			
Operating Expenses: Compensated absences		11,777			
Change in Net Position		-			
Net Position - Beginning of year					
Net Position - End of year	\$				
INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016					
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Received from charges to other funds	\$	-			
Cash - Beginning of year					
Cash - End of year	<u>\$</u>				

See Notes to Financial Statements

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Student Activities Agency Fund

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents <u>\$ 180,043</u>

LIABILITIES

Due to student groups $\frac{$180,043}{}$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Three Rivers Community Schools conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the School District:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School Districts' reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate, component units of the school district. Based on the application of the criteria, the district does not contain any component units.

District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information an all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All the district's government wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

District-Wide Statements - The district-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenue include (1) charges to customer or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes and unrestricted State aid.

Fund-based Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted State aid, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

Fiduciary fund statements also are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the school district's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the district, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The Debt Service Fund is used to record tax, interest, other revenue for payment of principal, interest and other expenditures on the bond issues.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The School Service Funds are Special Revenue Funds that segregate, for administrative purposes, the transactions of a particular activity from regular revenue and expenditure accounts. The School District maintains full control of these funds. The School Service Funds maintained by the School District are the Food Services Fund.

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent. Fiduciary Fund net position and results of operations are not included in the government-wide statements. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The School District presently maintains a Student Activities Fund to record the transactions of student and parent groups for school and school-related purposes. The funds are segregated and held in trust for the students and parents.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Property tax and other trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are assessed as of December 31 and the related property taxes become a lien on December 1 of the following year. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year. At this time, penalties and interest are assessed and the total obligation is added to the county tax rolls.

The State of Michigan utilized a foundation allowance approach, which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from a combination of state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The state portion of the foundation is provided from the state's School Aid Fund and is recognized as revenue in accordance with state law and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain categorical funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as deferred revenue. Other categorical funding is recognized when the appropriation is received.

Inventories and Prepaid Items - Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded a prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extended asset life are not capitalized. The school district does not have infrastructure type assets.

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and additions	20-50 years
Buses and other vehicles	5-10 years
Furniture and other equipment	5-10 years
Outside site improvements	10-20 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Compensated Absences - The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

Long-Term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method over the term of the related debt. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the year in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred Outflows - In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred charge on refunding and pension contributions reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension related items. These amounts are expensed in the plan year in which they apply. See Note 8 for details of deferred outflows related to the pension obligation.

Deferred Inflows - In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension liability and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary. See Note 8 for details of deferred inflows related to the pension obligation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net position, liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position, is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a board action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the board action remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another board action) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The board of education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and state law for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the district to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted is a violation of Michigan Law. State law permits districts to amend its budgets during the year. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the goods or services have not been received as of year-end; the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds - The School district did not have significant expenditure budget variances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The School District's cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2016, are composed of the following:

	Governmental Activities	Fiduciary Funds	_	Total Primary Government		
Deposits	\$ 4,668,20 <u>3</u>	\$ 180,043	\$	4,848,246		

Deposits consist of checking, savings, and time certificates. The above deposits were reflected in the accounts of the bank (without recognition of checks written but not yet cleared, or of deposits in transit) at \$4,858,481. Of that amount, \$520,746 was covered by federal depository insurance coverage or secured and \$4,337,741 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The School District believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. The School District evaluates each financial institution it deposits School District funds with and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the School District's governmental activities was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Disposals and Additions Adjustments	
Assets, not being				
depreciated - Land	\$ 530,006	\$ 30,359	\$ -	\$ 560,365
Capital assets, being depreciated	:			
Buildings and				
improvements	61,471,255	246,230	-	61,717,485
Buses and other vehicles	2,319,413	173,643	271,282	2,221,774
Furniture and equipment	2,186,489	182,327	5,495	2,363,321
Outside site improvements	2,183,037	34,021		2,217,058
Subtotal	68,160,194	636,221	276,777	68,519,638
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and				
improvements	20,167,096	1,310,989	-	21,478,085
Buses and other vehicles	1,963,125	133,955	271,282	1,825,798
Furniture and equipment	1,190,255	175,606	3,662	1,362,199
Outside site improvements	923,421	109,822		1,033,243
Subtotal	24,243,897	1,730,372	274,944	25,699,325
Net capital assets being				
depreciated	43,916,297			42,820,313
Net capital assets	\$ 44,446,303			<u>\$ 43,380,678</u>

Depreciation expense was not charged to activities as the School District considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Due To/From Other Funds:		
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	\$ 8,326
Other governmental funds	General Fund	117,980
Internal service fund	General Fund	108,566
Internal service fund	Other governmental funds	 11,519
Interfund Transfers:		\$ 246,391
	Transfer Out:	
	General Fund	
Transfer in:		
Other governmental funds	\$ -	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 6 - UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue include categorial aid payments received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements in the amount of \$263,026.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The school district issues bonds, notes, and other contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences.

Long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Bonds Premiums	\$ 32,510,000 708,918	\$ - -	\$ 2,495,000 99,061	\$ 30,015,000 609,857	\$ 2,600,000 99,061
Discounts Bonds, net	(163,675) \$ 33,055,243	<u>-</u> <u>\$</u> -	(15,513) \$ 2,578,548	(148,162) \$ 30,476,695	(15,513) \$ 2,683,548
Installment Loans	<u>\$ 692,474</u>	<u>\$ 174,694</u>	<u>\$ 160,194</u>	\$ 706,974	\$ 160,619
Other Oblig.	<u>\$ 131,862</u>	\$ 2,007	<u>\$ 13,784</u>	<u>\$ 120,085</u>	<u>\$ 1,976</u>
Deferred Outflows - Deferred charges from bond refundings	<u>\$ (976,344)</u>	\$ -	\$ (76,234)	<u>\$ (900,110)</u>	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

Year ended

The annual requirement to service the bonds and notes outstanding to maturity, including both principal and interest, are as follows:

_	Principal		Interest		Total
\$ 	2,760,619 2,848,355 2,890,500 2,895,500 2,820,500 8,371,500 5,085,000 3,050,000	\$ 	1,212,975 1,105,116 995,481 882,402 751,784 2,392,000 1,117,390 192,844 8,649,992	\$ 	3,973,594 3,953,471 3,885,981 3,777,902 3,572,284 10,763,500 6,202,390 3,242,844 39,371,966
	· · · · ·		, ,	=	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
\$8,285,000 2012 Refunding Bonds payable in annual installments of \$50,000 to \$1,015,000 through May 15, 2034; interest from 2.0% to 3.125%					7,205,000
\$24,505,000 2008 Refunding Bonds, payable in annual installments of \$1,155,000 to \$1,790,000 through May 1, 2023; interest from 5.00% to 5.00%					12,015,000
\$9,995,000 2007 Refunding School Building and Site Bonds payable in annual installments of \$40,000 to \$1,050,000 through May 1, 2032; interest from 4.00% to 4.125%					9,910,000
\$1,615,000 Energy Conservation Bonds, payable in annual installments of \$135,000 to \$190,000 through May 1, 2021; interest from 2.00% to 3.25%					99 5 000
.23%)			<u>\$</u>	885,000 30,015,000
	sele in throu. 1259 able 1000 through 100% t	\$ 2,760,619 2,848,355 2,890,500 2,895,500 2,820,500 8,371,500 5,085,000 3,050,000 \$ 30,721,974 ble in annual through .125% able in annual 000 through .00% ding and Site Bond 000 to \$1,050,000 00% to 4.125% payable in annual through	\$ 2,760,619 \$ 2,848,355 2,890,500 2,895,500 2,820,500 8,371,500 5,085,000 3,050,000 \$ 30,721,974 \$ \$ able in annual through .125% able in annual 000 through .00% ding and Site Bonds 000 to \$1,050,000 00% to 4.125% payable in annual through	\$ 2,760,619 \$ 1,212,975 2,848,355 1,105,116 2,890,500 995,481 2,895,500 882,402 2,820,500 751,784 8,371,500 2,392,000 5,085,000 1,117,390 3,050,000 192,844 \$ 30,721,974 \$ 8,649,992 Sole in annual through 1,25% able in annual 1,000 through 1,00% ding and Site Bonds 1,000 to \$1,050,000 1,00% to 4.125% payable in annual through	\$ 2,760,619 \$ 1,212,975 \$ 2,848,355 1,105,116 2,890,500 995,481 2,895,500 882,402 2,820,500 751,784 8,371,500 2,392,000 5,085,000 1,117,390 3,050,000 192,844 \$ 30,721,974 \$ 8,649,992 \$ \$ able in annual through .125% \$ able in annual 000 through .00% ding and Site Bonds 000 to \$1,050,000 00% to 4.125% \$ ayable in annual through .25%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

Notes payable consist of:

\$262,857 Installment loan payable to bank, annual payments of \$52,500, plus interest at 1.39%, final payment due November 1, 2017	
\$554,276 Installment loan payable to bank, annual payments of \$55,500, plus interest at 2.49%, final payment due July 30, 2023	

\$174,694 Installment loan payable to bank, annual payments of \$35,000, plus interest at 2.19%, final payment due
May 1, 2020
140,000

\$87,619 Installment loan payable to bank, annual payments of \$17,500, plus interest at 1.18%, final payment due

November 1, 2016

17,617

Total notes payable \$\frac{\$706,974}{}\$

\$

105,357

444,000

Other governmental activity long-term obligations include:

Employee - compensated absences \$ 128,085

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description - The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. MPSERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that can be obtained at www.michigan.gov/mpsers-cafr.

Benefits Provided - Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by the State statute, which may be amended. Public act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB Plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account, if applicable. A refund cancels a former members' rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction or certain requirements.

Pension Reform 2010 - On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

Pension Reform 2012 - On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013. Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012, choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus plan described above and a Defined Contribution (DC) plan that provides a 50% employer match (up to 3% of salary) on employee contributions. New employees are automatically enrolled as members in the Pension Plus plan as of their date of hire. They have 75 days from the last day of their first pay period, as reported to ORS, to elect to opt out of the Pension Plus plan and become a qualified participant in the DC plan; if no election is made they will remain in the Pension Plus plan. If they elect to opt out of the Pension Plus plan, their participation in the DC plan will retroactive to their date of hire.

Regular Retirement - The retirement benefit for DB and Pension Plus members is based on a member's years of credited service (employment) and final average compensation (FAC). The FAC is calculated based on the member's highest total wages earned during a specific period of consecutive calendar months divided by the service credit accrued during that same time period.

There is no mandatory retirement age.

Non-Duty and Duty Disability Benefit - A member who becomes totally and permanently disabled as a result of duty or non-duty related cause may be eligible for a disability pension, subject age, service and other requirements.

Survivor Benefit - A non-duty survivor pension is available subject to certain requirements of the plan.

Funding Policy

Defined Benefit plan - The School District participates on a contributory basis, as described above under "Benefits Provided." The School District is required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of members and retiree Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Defined Contribution Plan - Employer contributions to the Plan are dependent on the plan elected by the participant.

Employee Contributions - Basic plan members are not required to make contributions. Member Investment Plan members contribute at rates ranging from 0 to 7% of gross wages.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Employer Contributions - Employer contributions to the system are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of the cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of September 30, 2015 will be amortized over a 21 year period for the 2015 fiscal year.

The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2015:

Pension Contribution Rates

Benefit Structure	Member	Employer			
Basic	0.0 - 4.0 %	22.52 - 23.07 %			
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0	22.52 - 23.07			
Pension Plus	3.0 - 6.4	21.99			
Defined Contribution	0.0	17.72 - 18.76			

The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2014:

Pension Contribution Rates

Benefit Structure	<u>Member</u>	Employer
Basic	0.0 - 4.0 %	18.34 - 19.61 %
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0	18.34 - 19.61
Pension Plus	3.0 - 6.4	18.11
Defined Contribution	0.0	15.44 - 16.61

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The School District's contributions to the MPSERS Defined Benefit Plan for the year ended September 30, 2015 was \$2,733,794.

The School District's contributions to the MPSERS Defined Contribution Plan were \$37,528 for the year ended June 30, 2016, which is equal to the pension expense recognized by the School District for the year.

Post-Employment Benefits - Under MPSERS Act, all retirees participating in the MPSERS Pension Plan have the option of continuing health, dental and vision coverage. Retirees having these coverages contribute an amount equivalent to the monthly cost for Part B Medicare and 10% of the monthly premium amount for the health, dental and vision coverage. Required contributions for post-employment health care benefits are included as part of the School District's total contribution to the MPSERS Plan discussed above.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Relates to Pensions</u>

Pension Liabilities - At June 30, 2016, the School District reported a liability of \$34,613,016 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 30, 2014. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the systems employers during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employees during the measurement period. At September 30, 2015, the School District's proportion was 0.14171%, which was an increase of 0.00144% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - For the year ended June 30, 2016, the School District recognized pension expense of \$2,360,035. At June 30, 2016, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Inflow	Deferred nflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 1	14,648	
Changes of assumptions	852,246		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	176,672		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between	_			
Reporting Unit contributions and proportionate share of contributions	269,747		1,874	
Reporting Unit contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	1,861,465			
Total	\$ 3,160,130	<u>\$ 1</u>	16,522	

From the above table, \$1,861,465 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Amount
2017	\$ 169,065
2018	169,065
2019	122,957
2020	721,056

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Required Supplemental Information

10-Year Trend Information - Defined Benefit Plan

Schedule of School District's Proportionate Share of No	et Pension Liabilit	t <u>y</u>
	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
School District's proportion of collective net pension liability	0.14171%	0.14027%
School District's proportionate share of collective net pension liability	\$ 34,613,016	\$ 30,896,320
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,869,502	\$ 11,896,700
School District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	291.613%	259.705%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	63.17%	66.20%
Schedule of School District's Contr	ibutions	
	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
Contractually required employer contributions School District contributions recognized by the Plan Contributions difference	\$ 2,360,035 <u>2,360,035</u>	\$ 2,756,660 2,756,660
Contributions difference as a percentage of contractually required employer contributions	- %	- %
School District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,892,025 19.85%	\$ 11,888,580 23.19%
Change of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit	terms in 2015.	

Change of assumptions: There were no changes of benefit assumptions in 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Assumptions - The rate of investment return was 8.0% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the Non-Hybrid groups and 7.0% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the Hybrid group (Pension Plus plan).

The assumed real return is the rate of return in excess of wage inflation. Considering other assumptions used in the valuation, the 8.0% nominal rate translates to a net real return of 4.5% a year for the Non-Hybrid groups. Considering other assumptions used in the valuation, the 7.0% nominal rate translates to a net real return of 3.5% a year for the Hybrid group.

The rate increase used for individual members is 3.5%. This assumption is used to project a member's current pay to the pay upon which System benefits will be based. The current assumption was first used for the September 30, 2004 valuation of the System.

Actuarial Cost Method - Normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date was determined using and Individual Entry-Age Actuarial Cost Method having the following characteristics:

- the annual normal cost for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, is sufficient to accumulate the value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement:
- each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year-by-year projected covered pay.

Actuarial gains (losses), as they occur, reduce (increase) the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Financing of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities - Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (full funding credit if assets exceed liabilities) were amortized by level (principal and interest combined) percent-of-payroll contributions *over* a reasonable period of future years.

Amortization of UAAL Resulting from the Early Retirement Incentive (ERi) Program of 2010 - It has been reported that 1.36% of payroll will be contributed beginning in fiscal year 2013 for a 10-year period to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") associated with the ERi program of 2010. In order to avoid duplication of the employer contributions, the present value of future ERi amortization payments is subtracted from the UAAL to determine the remaining UAAL contribution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial Value of System Assets - The actuarial value of assets recognizes assumed investment income fully each year. Differences between actual and assumed investment income are phased in *over* a closed five year period. During periods when investment performance exceeds the assumed rate, actuarial value of assets will tend to be less than market value. During periods when investment performance is less than the assumed rate, actuarial value of assets will tend to be greater than market value. The actuarial value of assets was reset to market value as of September 30, 2006, with five-year smoothing restarted at that time. The actuarial value of assets is developed separately for the Non-Hybrid and Hybrid portions of the System. The total actuarial value of assets is the sum of these two components.

Mortality Assumptions - The healthy life post-retirement mortality table used in this valuation of the System was the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for the mortality improvements to 2020 using projection scale AA. The final rates used include no margin for future mortality improvement. This assumption is used to measure the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement.

Experience Study - The annual actuarial valuation report of the System used for these statements is dated September 30, 2013. An assumption experience study is performed every five years. The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2007 to September 30, 2012. As a result of this actuarial experience study, the actuarial assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Investments - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Investment Category	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0%	5.9%
Private Equity Pools	18.0	9.2
International Equity Pools	16.0	7.2
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	0.9
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	4.3
Real Return, Opportunistic and Absolute Pools	15.5	6.0
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.0	0.0
	100.0%	

^{*}Long-term rate of return does not include 2.5% inflation.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

- The expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.0%.
- The municipal bond rate is 3.480% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the 20-Year Bond Buyer Index as published by the Federal Reserve).
- The resulting single discount rate is 8.0%.
- The Plan Fiduciary Net Position is projected to be sufficient to make Projected Benefit Payments until 2114.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.0%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.0%) than the current rate:

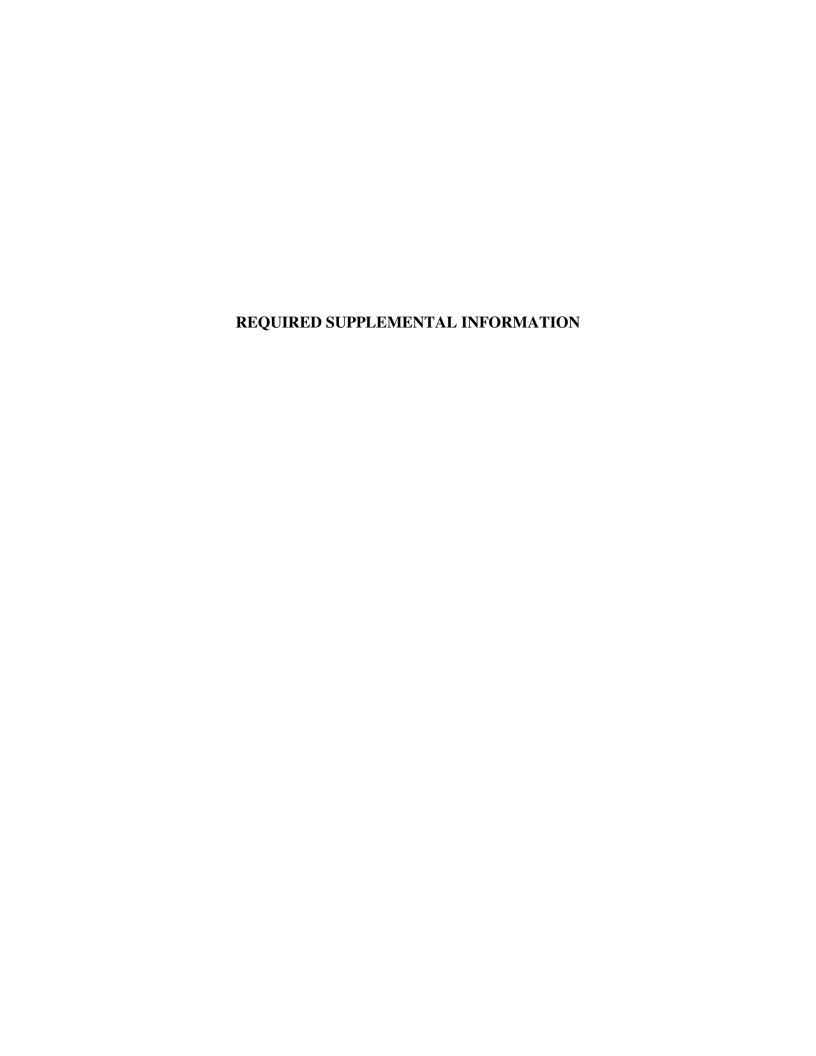
	Discount					
		1% Lower		Rate	1	% Higher
		(7.0%)		(8.0%)		(9.0%)
School District's proportionate share						
of net pension liability	\$	44,625,050	\$	34,613,016	\$	26,172,461

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, available here: www.michigan.gov/mpsers-cafr.

Payables to the Pension Plan - At year end the School District is current on all required pension plan payments. Amount accrued at year end for accounting purposes represent accruals for retirement on payroll earned by June 30, 2016 and paid during the summer months and the contributions due funded from state revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and medical claims for certain employee groups. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	•		Over (Under) Final Budget		
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 4,382,150	\$ 4,447,961	\$ 4,952,596	\$ 504,635		
State sources	18,372,166	18,779,092	18,400,067	(379,025)		
Federal sources	1,056,908	1,251,719	928,630	(323,089)		
Interdistrict	528,954	383,681	531,208	147,527		
Total revenues	24,340,178	24,862,453	24,812,501	(49,952)		
Expenditures:						
Instruction	15,215,834	15,670,225	15,248,901	(421,324)		
Supporting services	8,764,124	8,739,161	8,544,760	(194,401)		
Athletics	512,257	525,716	491,763	(33,953)		
Community services	36,478	48,986	42,358	(6,628)		
Debt service	366,905	367,655	367,844	189		
Capital Outlay	564,562	471,058	276,589	(194,469)		
Total expenditures	25,460,160	25,822,801	24,972,215	(850,586)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,119,982)	(960,348)	(159,714)	800,634		
Other financing sources: Proceeds from installment loan	174,694	174,694	174,694			
Net change in fund balance	(945,288)	(785,654)	14,980	800,634		
Fund balance – July 1	4,350,919	4,350,919	4,350,919			
Fund balance – June 30	\$ 3,405,631	\$ 3,565,265	\$ 4,365,899	<u>\$ 800,634</u>		



OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Reve		
<u>ASSETS</u>	Food Services	Expendable Trust	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Inventory Prepaid expenditures Total assets	\$ 303,286 1,701 117,980 19,421 1,776 \$ 444,164	\$ 81,513 - - - - - - \$ 81,513	\$ 384,799 1,701 117,980 19,421 1,776 \$ 525,677
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ 3,256 11,519 14,775	\$ - - -	\$ 3,256 11,519 14,775
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid expenditures Inventory Restricted:	1,776 19,421	- -	1,776 19,421
Scholarships Food Service	408,192	81,513	81,513 408,192
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	429,389 \$ 444,164	\$1,513 \$ 81,513	\$ 525,677

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Rev		
	Food Expendable Services Trust		<u>Total</u>
Revenues:			
Local sources	\$ 308,592	\$ 10,042	\$ 318,634
State sources	49,088	-	49,088
Federal sources	1,050,497		1,050,497
Total revenues	1,408,177	10,042	1,418,219
Expenditures:			
Food services	1,400,192	_	1,400,192
Scholarships	- · · · · -	8,000	8,000
Total expenditures	1,400,192	8,000	1,408,192
Net change in fund balances	7,985	2,042	10,027
Fund balances – July 1	421,404	<u>79,471</u>	500,875
Fund balances – June 30	\$ 429,389	<u>\$ 81,513</u>	<u>\$ 510,902</u>

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

FOOD SERVICE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Final Budget		 Actual		r (Under) Budget
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	297,354	\$ 308,592	\$	11,238
State sources		40,977	49,088		8,111
Federal sources		1,024,579	 1,050,497		25,918
Total revenues		1,362,910	1,408,177		45,267
Expenditures:					
Salaries		389,636	397,386		7,750
Employee benefits		219,142	197,581		(21,561)
Purchased services		19,916	22,554		2,638
Supplies, materials and other		776,705	782,059		5,354
Capital outlay		612	 612		
Total expenditures		1,406,011	 1,400,192		(5,819)
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenditures		(43,101)	7,985		51,086
Fund balance – July 1		421,404	 421,404		
Fund balance – June 30	\$	378,303	\$ 429,389	\$	51,086

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

STUDENT ACTIVITIES AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Balances June 30, 2015 Additions								alances 30, 2016
<u>ASSETS</u>										
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	175,728	<u>\$</u>	385,102	\$	380,787	<u>\$</u>	180,043		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>										
Due to student groups	\$	175,728	\$	385,102	\$	380,787	\$	180,043		

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION STATEMENT OF BONDED INDEBTEDNESS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2012 REFUNDING SCHOOL BUILDING AND SITE BONDS

\$ 8,285,000

Balance payable as follows:

Year	Rate	Interest	Interest Principal	
2017	2.000	\$ 172,532	\$ 700,000	\$ 872,532
2018	2.000	158,532	810,000	968,532
2019	2.000	142,332	830,000	972,332
2020	2.125	125,731	830,000	955,731
2021	2.250	109,131	815,000	924,131
2022	2.250	91,813	805,000	896,813
2023	3.000	73,700	-	73,700
2024	3.000	73,700	-	73,700
2025	3.000	73,700	-	73,700
2026	3.000	73,700	-	73,700
2027	3.000	73,700	-	73,700
2028	3.000	73,700	-	73,700
2029	3.000	73,700	-	73,700
2030	3.000	73,700	-	73,700
2031	3.000	73,700	-	73,700
2032	3.000	73,700	400,000	473,700
2033	3.000	61,700	1,015,000	1,076,700
2034	3.125	31,250	1,000,000	1,031,250
	Total	<u>\$ 1,630,021</u>	\$ 7,205,000	\$ 8,835,021

Interest on the bond of the above issue is payable semi-annually on November 1 and May 1. Principal is payable on May 1.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION STATEMENT OF BONDED INDEBTEDNESS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2007 REFUNDING SCHOOL BUILDING AND SITE BONDS

\$ 9,995,000

Balance payable as follows:

Year	Rate	Interest	Principal	Total
2017	4.00	\$ 399,460	\$ -	\$ 399,460
2018	4.00	399,460	-	399,460
2019	4.00	399,460	50,000	449,460
2020	4.00	397,460	50,000	447,460
2021	4.00	395,460	50,000	445,460
2022	4.00	393,460	55,000	448,460
2023	4.00	391,260	855,000	1,246,260
2024	4.00	357,060	1,050,000	1,407,060
2025	4.00	315,060	1,045,000	1,360,060
2026	4.00	273,260	1,035,000	1,308,260
2027	4.00	231,860	1,030,000	1,261,860
2028	4.00	190,660	1,025,000	1,215,660
2029	4.00	149,660	1,015,000	1,164,660
2030	4.10	109,060	1,010,000	1,119,060
2031	4.125	67,650	1,005,000	1,072,650
2032	4.125	26,194	635,000	661,194
	Total	<u>\$ 4,496,484</u>	\$ 9,910,000	<u>\$ 14,406,484</u>

Interest on the bonds of the above issue is payable semi-annually on November 1 and May 1. Principal is payable on May 1.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION STATEMENT OF BONDED INDEBTEDNESS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2008 REFUNDING SCHOOL BUILDING AND SITE BONDS

\$ 24,505,000

Balance payable as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Rate	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Total
2017	5.00	\$ 600,750	\$ 1,735,000	\$ 2,335,750
2018	5.00	514,000	1,725,000	2,239,000
2019	5.00	427,750	1,745,000	2,172,750
2020	5.00	340,500	1,740,000	2,080,500
2021	5.00	253,500	1,710,000	1,963,500
2022	5.00	168,000	1,685,000	1,853,000
2023	5.00	83,750	1,675,000	1,758,750
	Total	\$ 2,388,250	\$ 12,015,000	<u>\$ 14,403,250</u>

Interest on the bonds of the above issue is payable semi-annually on November 1 and May 1. Principal is payable on May 1.

2010 ENERGY CONSERVATION BONDS

\$ 1,615,000

Balance payable as follows:

Year	Rate	<u>I</u>	nterest	<u> </u>	Principal	 Total
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	2.50 2.75 2.90 3.00 3.25	\$	25,600 21,475 16,800 11,725 6,175	\$	165,000 170,000 175,000 185,000 190,000	\$ 190,600 191,475 191,800 196,725 196,175
	Total	<u>\$</u>	81,775	\$	885,000	\$ 966,775

2012 INSTALLMENT PURCHASE PLAN

\$ 87,619

Balance payable as follows:

-	Year	Rate	Int	terest	Principal Principal		Total	
	2017	1.18	\$	104	\$	17,619	\$	17,723

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION STATEMENT OF BONDED INDEBTEDNESS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

I EAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010								
2013 INSTA	ALLMENT PU	JRCHASE PLAN					\$	262,857
Bala	nce payable as	s follows:						
	Year	Rate	<u>I</u> 1	nterest	P	rincipal		Total
	2017 2018	1.39 1.39	\$	1,100 367	\$	52,500 52,857	\$	53,600 53,224
		Total	<u>\$</u>	1,467	<u>\$</u>	105,357	<u>\$</u>	106,824
2014 INSTA	ALLMENT PU	JRCHASE PLAN					\$	554,276
Bala	nce payable as	s follows						
	Year	Rate	<u> I</u> 1	nterest	P	rincipal		Total
	2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024	2.49 2.49 2.49 2.49 2.49 2.49 2.49	\$	10,365 8,983 7,601 6,219 4,837 3,455 2,072 690	\$ 	55,500 55,500 55,500 55,500 55,500 55,500 55,500	\$	65,865 64,483 63,101 61,719 60,337 58,955 57,572 56,190
		Total	<u>\$</u>	44,222	<u>\$</u>	444,000	<u>\$</u>	488,222
2015 INSTA	ALLMENT PU	JRCHASE PLAN					\$	174,694
Bala	nce payable as	s follows						
	Year	Rate	<u>I</u> 1	nterest	P	rincipal		Total
	2017 2018 2019 2020	2.19 2.19 2.19 2.19	\$	3,066 2,300 1,533 766	\$	35,000 35,000 35,000 35,000	\$	38,066 37,300 36,533 35,766

\$ 7,665

Total

<u>\$ 140,000</u>

\$ 147,665

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Program or Award Amount
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Title I - Educationally Deprived	84.010	1515301415 1615301516	\$ 740,111 637,596
Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	1505201415 1605201516	276,285 273,257
Title VI Part B	84.358	1506601415 1606601516	60,823 95,808
Passed Through Intermediate School District: Adult Ed - State Admin.	84.002A		74,092
Title III Part A	84.031A		5,656
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through Intermediate School District:			
Medicaid outreach	93.778		1,249

(E	Accrued Deferred) Revenue ly 1, 2015	(Memo only) Prior Year Expenditures	Expenditures		Receipts		Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2016	
\$	34,879	562,045	\$	108,144 546,199	\$	143,023 470,099	\$	- 76,100
	34,879			654,343		613,122		76,100
	24,039 - 24,039	173,132		24,401 148,935 173,336		54,733 114,981 169,714		(6,293) 33,954 27,661
	24,039			173,330		109,714		27,001
	(27,718)	15,775		- 19,954		(27,718) 19,822		- 132
	(27,718)			19,954		(7,896)		132
	31,200			847,633		774,940		103,893
	- 1,282	1,282		74,092 5,656		- 6,938		74,092
	32,482			927,381		781,878		177,985

1,249

1,249

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Program or Award Amount
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Nutrition Cluster			
Passed Through State Department of Education			
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	15-16 14-15	5,003 27,700
National School Lunch Program	10.555	15-16 14-15	584,711 621,655
National School Lunch Special Milk Program	10.556	15-16 14-15	161 140
National School Lunch Breakfast	10.553	15-16 14-15	255,401 256,780
Direct Programs - non-cash assistance Entitlement Commodities	10.555	15-16	92,069

TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Notes:

- 1.* Designates Major Program
- 2. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs \$750,000.
- 3. Expenditures in this schedule are in agreement with amounts reported in the financial statements.
- 4. The amounts reported on the R7120 reconcile with this schedule.
- 5. This schedule has been prepared under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2015	(Memo only) Prior Year Expenditures	Expenditures	Receipts	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2016
3,233 3,233	3,233	5,003 24,467 * 29,470	27,700 27,700	5,003 - 5,003
- - -	559,195	584,711 62,460 * 647,171	584,711 62,460 647,171	
- - -	128	161 12 * 173	161 12 173	- - -
<u>-</u> -	230,567	255,401 26,213 * 281,614	255,401 26,213 281,614	- - -
<u>-</u>		* 92,069	92,069	
3,233		1,050,497	1,048,727	5,003
\$ 35,715		<u>\$ 1,979,127</u>	<u>\$ 1,831,854</u>	<u>\$ 182,988</u>



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education
Three Rivers Community Schools

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Three Rivers Community Schools as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Three Rivers Community Schools' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 25, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Three Rivers Community Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Three Rivers Community Schools' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Three Rivers Community Schools' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Bruce S. A. Gosling, CPA, CVA Michael R. Wilson, CPA Ricky L. Strawser, CPA Three Rivers Community Schools Page 2

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Three Rivers Community Schools' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Three Rivers Community Schools' Response to Findings

Three Rivers Community Schools' response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Three Rivers Community Schools' response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 25, 2016

N P

Naman : Paulou P.C.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education
Three Rivers Community Schools, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Three Rivers Community Schools' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Three Rivers Community Schools' major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Three Rivers Community Schools' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Three Rivers Community Schools' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Three Rivers Community Schools' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Three Rivers Community Schools' compliance.

Bruce S. A. Gosling, CPA, CVA Michael R. Wilson, CPA Ricky L. Strawser, CPA Three Rivers Community Schools Page 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Three Rivers Community Schools complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2016-001; 2016-002; 2016-003; and 2016-004. Our opinion on each major program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Three Rivers Community Schools' response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Three Rivers Community Schools' response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of noncompliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Three Rivers Community Schools is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Three Rivers Community Schools' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Three Rivers Community Schools' internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Three Rivers Community Schools Page 3

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2016-001; 2016-002; 2016-003; and 2016-004 to be significant deficiencies.

Three Rivers Community Schools' response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Three Rivers Community Schools' response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Norman : Paulou P.C.

October 25, 2016



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements		
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmoo	dified
Internal Control over Financial Reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified:	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Significant deficiencies identified:	Yes	X None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	_X_ No
Federal Awards Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness (es) identified:	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Significant deficiencies identified:	X Yes	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmoo	lified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	_X_Yes	No
Identification of major programs:		
U.S. Department of Agriculture:		
10.553, 10.555, 10.556 & 10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750	0,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	X No

2. Findings relating to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - Continued YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

3. Federal Award Findings and Question Costs

Finding 2016-001 Noncompliance/significant deficiency

Federal Program: CFDA No. 84.010 - Title I - Educationally deprived

Specific

Requirement: Cash management

Condition: Prior to year end, cash was advanced in excess of federal expenditures.

Criteria: MDE guidelines require a district to request funds on a reimbursement basis.

Cause: During the year, the financial supervisor did not take into consideration that she had

requested funds on wages and benefits that had been accrued. She did not reverse the accrual entries, and requested reimbursement again when the wages and benefits were

actually paid.

Effect: Without reconciling federal grant revenues and expenditures on a regular basis, funds

may be advanced in excess of the School's federal expenditures.

Questioned Costs: During the year ended June 30, 2016, the School had advance drawn by \$6,452.71 on the

14-15 fiscal year grant. The School shorted their 15-16 grant requests to make up for this advance draw, but their final 14-15 grant needs to be amended to show the correct

amount of expenditures.

Recommendation: The School should implement a monthly reconciliation process for all grant programs to

ensure that advances made for federal funds do not exceed federal expenditures.

Client Response: The School agrees with the recommendation and has already implemented the

reconciliation process.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - Continued YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

3. Federal Award Findings and Question Costs

Finding 2016-002 Noncompliance/significant deficiency

Federal Program: CFDA No. 84.367 - Improving Teacher Quality

Specific

Requirement: Cash management

Condition: Prior to year end, cash was advanced in excess of federal expenditures.

Criteria: MDE guidelines require a district to request funds on a reimbursement basis.

Cause: During the year, the financial supervisor did not take into consideration that she had

requested funds on wages and benefits that had been accrued. She did not reverse the accrual entries, and requested reimbursement again when the wages and benefits were

actually paid.

Effect: Without reconciling federal grant revenues and expenditures on a regular basis, funds

may be advanced in excess of the School's federal expenditures.

Questioned Costs: During the year ended June 30, 2016, the School had advance drawn by \$6,291.56 on the

14-15 fiscal year grant. The School shorted their 15-16 grant requests to make up for this advance draw, but their final 14-15 grant needs to be amended to show the correct

amount of expenditures.

Recommendation: The School should implement a monthly reconciliation process for all grant programs to

ensure that advances made for federal funds do not exceed federal expenditures.

Client Response: The School agrees with the recommendation and has already implemented the

reconciliation process.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - Continued YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

3. Federal Award Findings and Question Costs

Finding 2016-003 Noncompliance/significant deficiency

Federal Program: CFDA No. 84.367 - Improving Teacher Quality

Specific

Requirement: Cash management

Condition: Prior to year end, cash was advanced in excess of federal expenditures.

Criteria: MDE guidelines require a district to request funds on a reimbursement basis.

Cause: During the year, the financial supervisor did not take into consideration that she should

not request funds on wages and benefits that had been accrued.

Effect: Without reconciling federal grant revenues and expenditures on a regular basis, funds

may be advanced in excess of the School's federal expenditures.

Questioned Costs: During the year ended June 30, 2016, the School recorded accrued wages and benefits on

this grant. They advance drew the amount of \$3,814.56 on these accruals requesting the money before it was actually paid out. The money has since been paid and no

adjustment is needed.

Recommendation: The School should implement a monthly reconciliation process for all grant programs to

ensure that advances made for federal funds do not exceed federal expenditures.

Client Response: The School agrees with the recommendation and has already implemented the

reconciliation process.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - Continued YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

3. Federal Award Findings and Question Costs

Finding 2016-004 Noncompliance/significant deficiency

Federal Program: CFDA No. 84.358 - Title VI Part B

Specific

Requirement: Cash management

Condition: Prior to year end, cash was advanced in excess of federal expenditures.

Criteria: MDE guidelines require a district to request funds on a reimbursement basis.

Cause: During the year, the financial supervisor requested funds based on the budget that had

been drawn up for the grant. She did not take into consideration the fact that some expenditures had only been encumbered and that the budget was just an estimate and not

the actual amount spent.

Effect: Without reconciling federal grant revenues and expenditures on a regular basis, funds

may be advanced in excess of the School's federal expenditures.

Questioned Costs: As of June 30, 2016, the School was advance drawn by \$5,989.26. The School has since

spent this money on the grant but not until after June 30, 2016.

Recommendation: The School should implement a monthly reconciliation process for all grant programs to

ensure that advances made for federal funds do not exceed federal expenditures.

Client Response: The School agrees with the recommendation and has already implemented the

reconciliation process.

4. Status of Prior Year Comments

Finding 2015-001

Status: The School has addressed and cleared this finding

Finding 2015-002

Status: The School has addressed and cleared this finding

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AUDIT-RELATED COMMUNICATIONS

To the Board of Education
Three Rivers Community Schools

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Three Rivers Community Schools (the "School District") for the year ended June 30, 2016, and have issued our report thereon dated October 25, 2016. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility Under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards and Government Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated June 15, 2016, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We are responsible for planning and performing the audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the School District. Our consideration of internal control was solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures specifically to identity such matters and our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Our audit of the School District's financial statements has also been conducted in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Under *Government Auditing Standards*, we have made some assessments of the School District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements. While those assessments are not sufficient to identify all noncompliance with applicable laws, regulations, and contract provisions, we are required to communicate all noncompliance conditions that come to our attention. We have communicated those conditions in a separate letter dated October 25, 2016 regarding our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

Bruce S. A. Gosling, CPA, CVA Michael R. Wilson, CPA Ricky L. Strawser, CPA We are also obligated to communicate certain matters related to our audit to those responsibilities for the governance of the School District, including certain instances of error or fraud and significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. In certain situations, *Government Auditing Standards* require disclosure of illegal acts to applicable government agencies. If such illegal acts were detected during our audit, we would be required to make disclosure regarding these acts to applicable government agencies. No such disclosures were required.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matters on July 12, 2016.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Three Rivers Community Schools are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. The application of existing policies was not changed during 2016. We noted no transactions entered into by Three Rivers Community Schools during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statement in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

Accumulated compensated absences liability
Depreciation
Net Pension Liability

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures may be particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. We did not identify any sensitive disclosures.

No Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

No Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 25, 2016.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Three Rivers Community Schools' auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

As required by the Uniform Guidance, we have also completed an audit of the federal programs administered by the School District. The results of that audit are provided to the Board of Education in our report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance dated October 25, 2016.

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education and management of Three Rivers Community Schools and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We are pleased to serve as the School District's auditors. If there are any questions about the audited financial statements or the contents of this letter, we would welcome the opportunity to discuss them at your convenience.

Sincerely,

Norman : Paulou, P.C.